

A Digital Governance Framework for Intelligent Complaint Registration, Tracking, and Transparent Redressal

Mr.M.Priyadharshan*, Somya M**, Saran R***, Sanjay G****

*(CSE, Hindusthan College of Engineering and Technology, Coimbatore
Email: priyadharshan.cse@hicet.ac.in)

** (CSE, Hindusthan College of Engineering and Technology, Coimbatore
Email: msomya961@gmail.com)

*** (CSE, Hindusthan College of Engineering and Technology, Coimbatore
Email: saran.zoro2@gmail.com)

**** (CSE, Hindusthan College of Engineering and Technology, Coimbatore
Email: sanjayganesan7213@gmail.com)

Abstract:

The Smart Public Grievance System is a web-based platform designed to simplify the process of submitting and managing public complaints. It enables citizens to report issues such as road damage, water leakage, and other civic problems from any location. Complaints can be registered with detailed descriptions and photographic evidence, which improves accuracy and clarity. Administrators are equipped with tools to view, update, and track the status of grievances, thereby ensuring accountability and timely resolution. By enhancing transparency, responsiveness, and efficiency, the system significantly improves grievance redressal and strengthens citizen trust in public service delivery.

Keywords— Smart Governance, Grievance Redressal, E-governance, Transparency, Civic Engagement.

INTRODUCTION

Traditional grievance-handling mechanisms often suffer from inefficiency, delays, and lack of transparency, leading to low citizen satisfaction. Complaints may remain unresolved due to bureaucratic hurdles, ineffective communication, or absence of systematic tracking. To overcome these challenges, the Smart Public Grievance System has been developed as a centralized digital platform for structured complaint management.

The system enables citizens to conveniently lodge grievances online, provide supporting evidence, and track complaint status in real time. On the administrative side, officials can categorize, prioritize, and resolve complaints through an organized workflow, supported by timely updates and escalation mechanisms. This digital solution fosters accountability, ensures faster responses, and

enhances service delivery. By bridging the gap between the public and authorities, the system strengthens governance, promotes citizen participation, and aligns with the broad vision of smart governance initiatives.

The traditional grievance-handling system relies heavily on manual procedures, physical paperwork, and fragmented communication channels, which makes it slow and ineffective. Citizens are often required to visit government offices in person, submit written applications, or rely on phone calls and letters to raise their concerns. Once submitted, complaints are recorded manually and passed between departments without any structured workflow, resulting in frequent delays and misrouting. There is no proper mechanism for citizens to monitor the progress of their grievances, leading to frustration and loss of trust in the system. In many cases, unresolved issues remain pending for

weeks or months because escalation depends on manual reminders rather than an automated process. Furthermore, the lack of centralized records prevents proper data analysis, making it difficult for authorities to track performance, identify recurring problems, or improve service delivery. Overall, the existing system is inefficient, lacks transparency, and fails to meet the expectations of modern governance.

Existing System

The existing grievance-handling system is largely manual and paper-based, which makes it slow, inefficient, and inconvenient for both citizens and officials. Citizens usually submit complaints through physical forms, letters, or by visiting government offices, while some departments also accept phone calls or emails. After receiving a grievance, clerks manually record the details in registers or spreadsheets and assign a reference number, but this process is prone to errors and sometimes records get lost or duplicated. The complaint is then routed to the concerned department or officer through memos, phone calls, or emails, which often results in unnecessary delays and miscommunication.

For citizens, one of the biggest challenges is the lack of real-time tracking and transparency—they usually need to call or visit offices repeatedly to know the status of their grievance. Escalation of unresolved complaints also depends on manual reporting to supervisors, which means that many cases remain pending for long periods before higher authorities intervene. Moreover, records are fragmented across paper files, registers, and departmental databases, making it difficult to consolidate information, generate reports, or analyze complaint patterns for policy decisions.

Communication with citizens is also weak, as updates are often delayed and acknowledgments may never reach them. Overall, the traditional system suffers from inefficiency, poor accountability, and limited transparency, which reduces citizen trust and satisfaction.

Analysis of Existing Systems

The current grievance-handling system is mostly manual and decentralized, which creates several operational challenges. Citizens usually file complaints by visiting offices, submitting written applications, or making phone calls. These grievances are then registered in ledgers or local files and forwarded to the concerned departments. Since the process lacks automation, complaints often face delays, misrouting, or even loss of records.

Citizens have little to no access to real-time status updates, forcing them to make repeated visits or inquiries. Escalation of unresolved cases depends on manual reminders, which further slows down the process. The absence of a centralized platform leads to fragmented data storage, poor accountability, and weak communication between citizens and officials.

As a result, the system struggles to deliver efficiency, transparency, and timely resolution, which ultimately reduces public trust and satisfaction.

Key Technological Components and How We Connect Them

1. Frontend (User Interface)

The **frontend of the Smart Public Grievance System** is designed to provide an intuitive and responsive interface for both citizens and administrative users. The web application is developed using **ReactJS**, while the mobile application is built using **React Native (Expo)**. The interface leverages frameworks such as **Bootstrap and Material UI** to ensure responsive design across multiple devices, including desktops, tablets, and smartphones.

Citizens interact with the system through the frontend by submitting grievances, uploading supporting documents or images, and monitoring complaint status. The frontend communicates with the backend through **RESTful APIs**, enabling real-time data submission and retrieval. The design emphasizes **ease of use**, allowing even non-technical

users to navigate the application efficiently. Features such as form validation, dynamic status updates, and interactive dashboards enhance user engagement and ensure seamless interaction with the system.

2. Backend (Application Layer)

The backend forms the **core processing layer** of the Smart Public Grievance System and is developed using **Node.js with the Express framework**. The backend is responsible for handling **all complaint-related operations**, including registration, categorization, routing, workflow management, and status tracking.

When a citizen submits a complaint, the backend processes the request by **analyzing the type of grievance**, categorizing it, and routing it to the relevant department for resolution. It manages the **workflow lifecycle**, ensuring that each complaint progresses from submission to acknowledgment, processing, and final resolution. Additionally, the backend is responsible for **integration with external services**, such as notification modules and reporting systems, ensuring that updates are communicated to citizens and administrative users in real time. The system architecture follows a **modular and scalable design**, allowing future enhancements and integration of additional functionalities without affecting core operations.

3. Database Management

Data storage is a critical aspect of the system to ensure secure, reliable, and efficient handling of complaints and user information. The system uses **MySQL** as the primary relational database for structured data such as user profiles, complaint details, department records, and resolution logs. For scalability, faster queries, and storage of semi-structured or unstructured data, **MongoDB (NoSQL)** is integrated as an optional database.

The backend interacts with the databases using **Object-Relational Mapping (ORM) tools** such as **Sequelize or TypeORM**, providing a secure and

efficient mechanism to store, retrieve, and update data. Every submission, status update, or escalation is recorded in the database, ensuring **data integrity and consistency**. The database design also supports **audit trails**, maintaining detailed logs of all actions performed, which are critical for accountability and analysis.

4. Authentication & Security

Security is a fundamental component of the Smart Public Grievance System. The system implements **JWT (JSON Web Tokens) and OAuth2 protocols** to ensure secure user authentication and role-based access control. Users, including citizens, departmental staff, and administrators, are authenticated before accessing any system functionality.

All communication between the frontend and backend is encrypted using **SSL/TLS protocols**, ensuring protection against data interception or unauthorized access. Sensitive citizen information, including personal details, complaint content, and resolution history, is securely stored and handled according to best practices in cybersecurity. The system also includes mechanisms to **prevent unauthorized actions**, maintain session integrity, and log security events for monitoring and auditing purposes.

5. Tracking & Notification System

A key feature of the system is its **real-time tracking and notification module**, which ensures transparency and continuous engagement with the citizens. Each complaint submitted to the system is assigned a **unique tracking ID**, allowing users to monitor its progress at any time.

The backend integrates with multiple communication channels such as **SMS (Twilio), push notifications (Firebase), and email (SMTP)** to automatically update citizens on complaint acknowledgments, progress, and final resolution. This automation reduces delays in communication

and eliminates the need for citizens to manually follow up with authorities. Notifications are generated dynamically based on complaint status and workflow events, providing timely and accurate information.

6. Escalation & Workflow Management

To ensure **timely resolution and accountability**, the system includes an escalation mechanism. The backend monitors deadlines for all complaints, and if a grievance remains unresolved within the predefined time frame, it is **automatically escalated to higher authorities**.

The workflow management module tracks each complaint through various stages—submission, acknowledgment, processing, and resolution. Both the **frontend and database** are updated in real time whenever the status changes, ensuring citizens and administrators have **up-to-date information**. This structured workflow not only enforces accountability but also minimizes negligence and improves overall efficiency in grievance redressal.

7. Analytics & Reporting

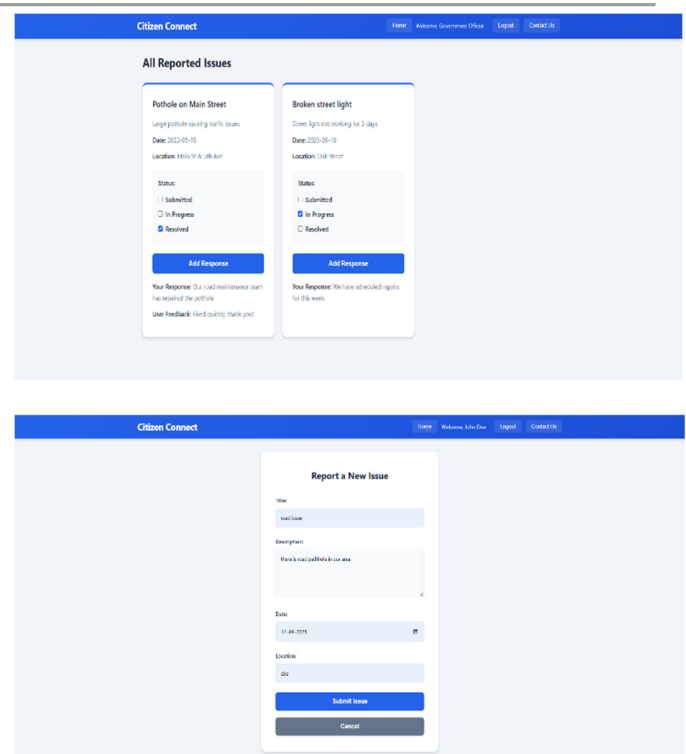
The system provides **comprehensive analytics and reporting tools** for administrative users. Dashboards are built using **ReactJS** along with visualization libraries like **Chart.js** and **Recharts**, which display real-time data on complaint volumes, resolution times, departmental performance, and other key metrics.

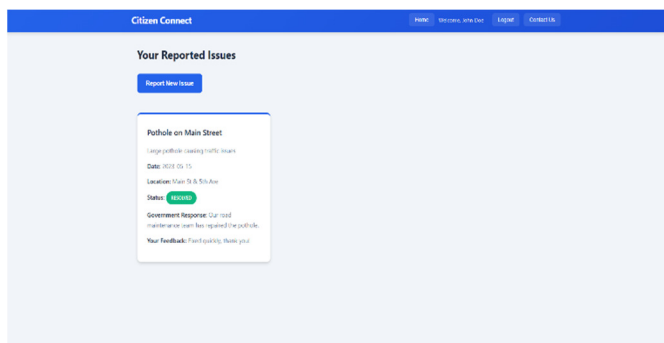
The backend aggregates complaint data from the databases and generates **statistical reports**, enabling administrators to identify trends, monitor performance, and optimize grievance management processes. These analytics also support **decision-making and policy improvements**, ensuring that the system remains responsive to citizen needs.

8. System Integration & End-to-End Flow

The Smart Public Grievance System integrates all components into a seamless workflow. Citizens submit complaints via the **frontend application**, which sends the data to the **backend** for processing. The backend interacts with **MySQL/MongoDB databases** to store and retrieve information, while also triggering **notifications** to keep users informed. Simultaneously, **admin dashboards** fetch data from the backend and present it visually for monitoring and analysis.

This end-to-end integration ensures that complaints are **tracked, managed, and resolved efficiently**, providing a transparent and reliable platform for both citizens and authorities. The modular architecture allows scalability and future enhancements, making it a sustainable solution for digital grievance management.





Proposed System

The proposed **Smart Public Grievance System** is a centralized digital platform that allows citizens to submit complaints online, upload supporting documents, and track the status of their grievances in real time. Unlike the manual system, this platform ensures that every complaint is registered systematically and assigned a unique ID, reducing the chances of delays or lost records. Citizens also receive instant updates through SMS, email, or push notifications, making the process more transparent and user-friendly.

For administrators, the system provides an organized dashboard where complaints are automatically categorized, prioritized, and routed to the concerned departments. An integrated escalation mechanism ensures that unresolved issues are forwarded to higher authorities within set timelines. With centralized records, data analytics, and cloud-based storage, the system promotes accountability, faster responses, and better decision-making, ultimately improving service delivery and public trust in governance.

System Components

User Interface (Frontend)

The Smart Public Grievance System provides both **web and mobile applications**, allowing citizens to submit grievances and track their status conveniently. The interface is designed to be **simple, intuitive, and responsive**, ensuring smooth navigation across different devices and enhancing

the overall user experience. Citizens can easily fill complaint forms, upload supporting documents, and monitor the progress of their grievances in real time.

Backend (Server & Application Logic)

The **backend forms the core of the system**, managing all complaint-related processes. It handles **complaint registration, routing to the appropriate department, and resolution workflows**. The system is equipped with features such as **automated categorization, prioritization, and escalation**, ensuring that grievances are efficiently processed and directed to the responsible authorities without delays.

Database

The system employs a **centralized database** for storing complaints, user information, and resolution histories. This structured storage facilitates operational efficiency and enables **reporting and analytics**, allowing administrators to analyze complaint patterns, identify bottlenecks, and make informed decisions to improve service delivery.

Authentication & Security

To maintain confidentiality and control access, the system implements **role-based access**, ensuring that citizens and officials access only the functionalities relevant to their roles. Security measures such as **secure login, data encryption, and other protective mechanisms** safeguard sensitive information, maintaining the integrity and privacy of complaint data.

Notification & Tracking System

A critical feature of the system is its **real-time notification and tracking module**. Citizens and officials receive timely updates through **email, SMS, or push notifications**, informing them about acknowledgment, progress, and resolution of complaints. The tracking system allows both users and authorities to monitor the lifecycle of

complaints, enhancing transparency and accountability.

Escalation & Workflow Management

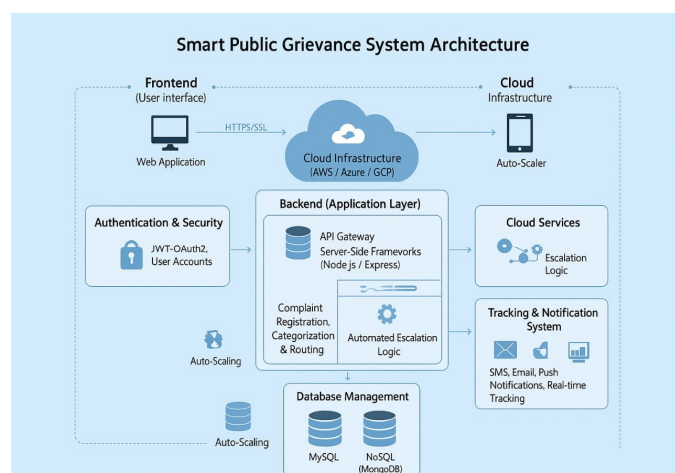
The system includes an **automated escalation and workflow management mechanism**. Complaints pending beyond the stipulated time are automatically escalated to higher authorities, and reminders are sent to responsible officers. This ensures **timely resolution, prevents negligence, and enforces accountability** in the grievance redressal process.

Analytics & Reporting Tools

Administrative users have access to **interactive dashboards** that visualize complaint data and departmental performance. The analytics tools help monitor **trends, recurring issues, and resolution efficiency**, enabling authorities to identify areas needing attention and improve governance strategies effectively.

Cloud Infrastructure

The Smart Public Grievance System is hosted on a **reliable and scalable cloud infrastructure**, which guarantees high availability, secure data storage, and system performance. Regular backups and disaster recovery mechanisms ensure that the application and its data remain safe, accessible, and resilient against failures.



Advantages

1. Increased Efficiency

The Smart Public Grievance System significantly enhances operational efficiency by **automating the registration, categorization, routing, and resolution of complaints**. This reduces manual errors and minimizes delays inherent in traditional grievance redressal methods. Citizens can submit complaints **online at any time and from any location**, eliminating the need for physical visits to offices and saving both time and effort. The automation ensures that complaints are processed systematically and without unnecessary bottlenecks.

2. Transparency and Real-Time Tracking

The system promotes transparency by assigning each complaint a **unique tracking ID** and providing **real-time updates** on its status. Citizens receive timely acknowledgments, progress notifications, and resolution alerts, ensuring full visibility of the grievance lifecycle. This transparency builds trust between citizens and authorities, as users can monitor the handling of their complaints from submission to closure.

3. Accountability and Escalation

Accountability is reinforced through the system by **logging every action performed on complaints** and assigning responsibility to specific officials. The platform also includes **automated escalation mechanisms**, which ensure that unresolved complaints are directed to higher authorities within the stipulated deadlines. This process guarantees that no grievance is neglected and promotes timely action by the concerned officials.

4. Centralized Data and Analytics

The system stores all complaints, supporting documents, and resolution histories in a **centralized and structured database**. This centralization facilitates the generation of comprehensive reports

and allows authorities to **identify recurring issues, monitor departmental performance, and make data-driven decisions**. Analytics capabilities support strategic planning and help in improving overall efficiency in grievance management.

5.Improved communication and Citizen Satisfaction

The Smart Public Grievance System **streamlines communication** between citizens and officials through notifications, dashboards, and alerts. By providing **clear updates, faster resolution, and organized workflows**, the system enhances public satisfaction and strengthens governance. Citizens are assured that their grievances are being addressed promptly, while officials benefit from a structured process to manage and resolve complaints effectively.

Conclusion

The Smart Public Grievance System provides a practical, technology-driven solution for addressing the limitations of conventional grievance mechanisms. It streamlines the complaint registration process, ensures real-time status monitoring, and incorporates transparency and feedback mechanisms that strengthen citizen–authority relationships.

For administrators, the platform offers organized complaint management, categorization, and analytics-based decision support, thereby improving efficiency and accountability. For citizens, it delivers convenience, responsiveness, and trust in governance. Overall, the system exemplifies how digital technologies can be leveraged to establish transparent, efficient, and citizen-centric grievance redressal frameworks, contributing to improved governance and public service delivery.

References

[1] Shama, F., Aziz, A., & Deya, L. B. M. (2024). CitySolution: A complaining task distributive mobile

application for smart city corporation using deep learning. *SoftwareX*, 27, 101829.

[2] Kumar, H., Kaushal, R. K., & Kumar, N. (2025). Issues with existing solutions for grievance redressal systems and mitigation approach using blockchain network. In *Applied Data Science and Smart Systems* (pp. 140–146). CRC Press.

[3] Trivedi, M., & Chaudhary, Y. (2024). Exploring beneficiary awareness and access to grievance redressal systems in government-sponsored health insurance schemes in Gujarat, India.

[4] Pande, S., & Hossain, N. (2023). Grievance Redress Mechanisms in the Public Sector: A Literature Review.

[5]Khanna, A., Sah, A., Bolshev, V., Jasinski, M., Vinogradov, A., Leonowicz, Z., & Jasiński, M. (2021). Blockchain: Future of e-governance in smart cities. *Sustainability*, 13(21), 11840.

[6]Centre’s New Guidelines Promise Public Grievance Redressal Within 21 Days — Government of India issued guidelines in 2024 for time-bound grievance redressal (21 days) via CPGRAMS.

[7] Pulungan, V. H., Dewi, A. R., & Maulana, H. (2023). Web-based public complaint system design using the CodeIgniter framework. *International Journal of Data Science and Visualization*, 3(1), 45-52.

[8] Tripathi, U. N., Srivastava, A. K., & Singh, B. P. (2023). Effectiveness of online grievance redressal and management system: A case study of IGNOU learners. *Indian Journal of Educational Technology*, 5(2), 87-96.

[9] Pradeep, N. V. D., & Veeraju, G. (2024). Strengthening grievance redressal systems as a critical component of good governance: The case of CPGRAMS in India. *Educational Administration: Theory and Practice*, 30(5), 1123-1137.

[10] Ziadi, A. R. (2023). The effectiveness of information systems in public complaint services: An implementation of e-government based on Jakarta Smart City applications. *Global Journal of Management and Business Research*, 23(2), 15-23.